

The Managed Mentoring Program on getting started in beekeeping.

Managed Mentoring



Managed Mentoring

From Two Boxes to Three or More

Lesson | Building Above the Brood



What is Covered in this Module

Building Above the Brood Nest

Progressing the Buildout

9-Frame Concept

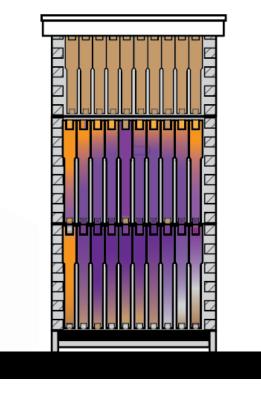
Build Now for the Future



Building Above The Brood Nest

Building Medium Supers

- When the first two boxes are finished, and you have a full-sized colony
 - It is time to get some honey supers built out.
 - Building out supers 10 Frames (unless of course you are using 8F equipment)
 - It may seem obvious that you would put 10 frames in a 10-Frame box, but there is a point to be explicit, as we will tell you about using only 9-Frames for collecting honey later in the lesson.
 - 10-Frames, set shoulder to shoulder, close together, centered between the walls of the box, just like building deeps.

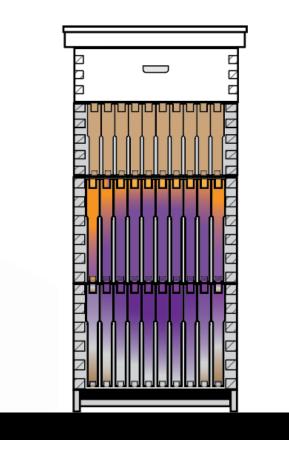




Feeding Option

□ Feed if Needed

- If you are in the nectar flow, and you have a large population of bees still emerging, bees can sustain to build out the wax needed
- If the forage season is tapering off, and new bee production is slowing down you may be able to sustain comb development by feeding
 - This can stimulate brood rearing just a little long into the season and provide nectar for wax making bees

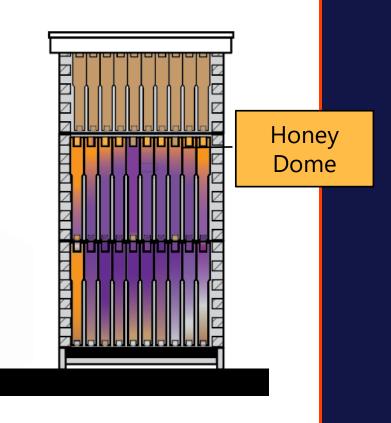




Queen Excluders?

□ Not Really Needed

- Queens usually stay below the honey dome
 - As the season tapers off, queen production slows
 - The queen will go back into areas of comb where bees have emerged, and focus laying there
 - They can, but it is rare, go north to honey boxes. However when comb is not fully drawn, they will like not go there.
- Queen Excluders > Detrimental to Progress
 - They really are a barrier and get in the way of bees passing through; slowing progress

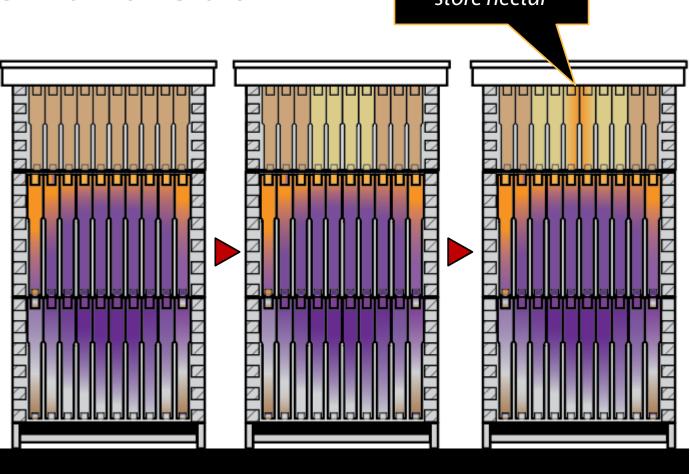




Progressing the Build Out

As they build out, they will begin to store nectar

Likely Bees will
 build the center
 frames to start

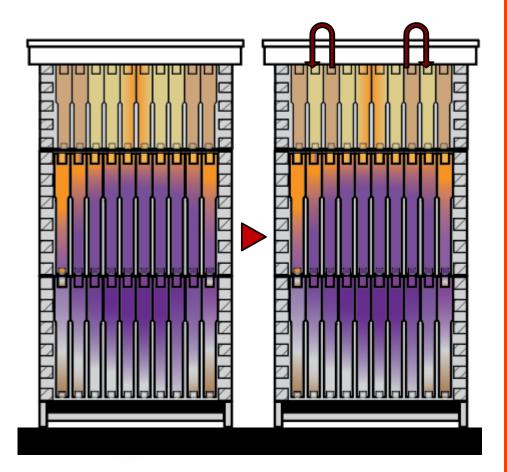




Build Progression

When they are getting to the outside...

- Switch built frames outward
- Bringing unbuilt frames inside
 - Placing built out frames to the outside helps to thwart wonky comb buildouts

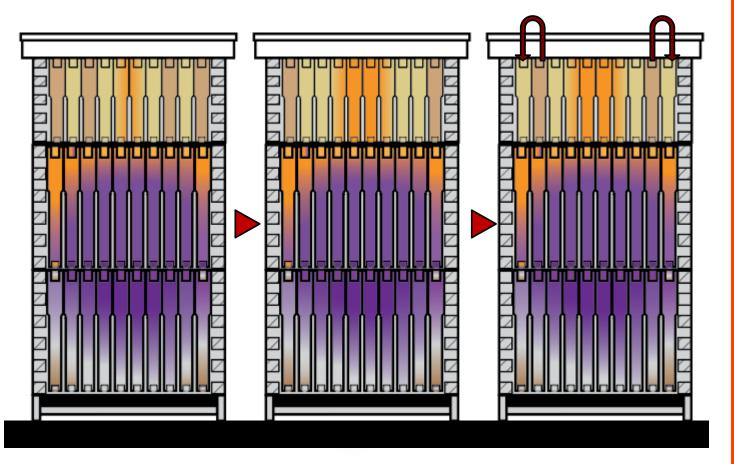




Progressing the Build Out

Switch exteriorframes

 Continue to rotate unbuilt frames inward until all frames are fully drawn

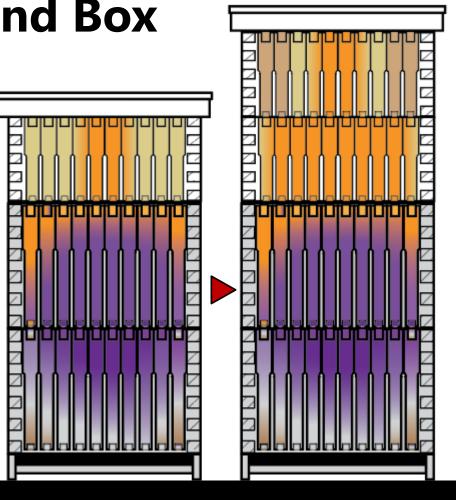




Do the Same for the second Box

When the first super is mostly drawn out...

- Add the second box
 - As long as they keep going, add boxes and get foundation drawn out
 - Consider moving some drawn comb up to entice the bees to build up
 - They will store nectar in available comb for as long as the flow is going





How far into the summer will they build?

□ It depends

- Bees will build comb if they can sustain the **formula** to do so
 - [Bees of the Right Age] + [Carbohydrates] + [Warm Conditions]
 - Some colonies will keep building into summer
 - And some seem to stop when the nectar flow tapers off.
- Keep feeding them it stimulates more bees, and it provides fuel
 - This can prolong the time that bees would be able to 'manufacture' wax
 - Without it the upper boxes may sit untouched

Running Nine-Frames

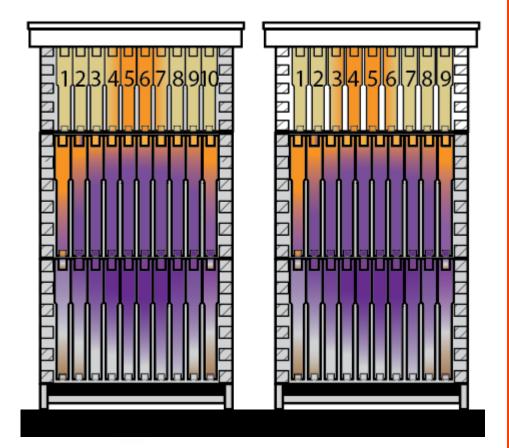
Running 9-Frames in Honey Supers for Easier Extraction



Optional 9-Frame Switch (Recommended)

u Running 9-Frames

- It is very customary to switch honey supers to 9-Frames
 - This is an intentional ploy that results in bees building deeper cells
 - Bees will build out to the adjacent frame face and fill the gap
 - This causes the capping on the face to out past the frame face, thus making it easier for beekeepers to carve off the capping for honey extraction

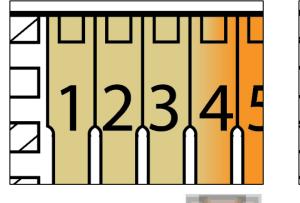


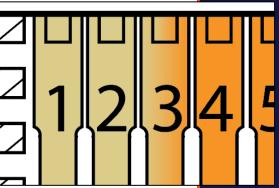


Point of Order

□ An Odd Notion (9-Frames)

- Thus far we have been professing that you keep your
 10 frames tight shoulder to shoulder
 - In the case of running 9-Frames in a 10-Frame box, it also changes the pathway and airflow in the hive from top to bottom.
 - Anomalies aside, this is a tried-and-true practice
 - It is truly a time and effort saver when it comes to uncapping comb when the comb face proceeds past the frame edge
 - It makes cutting off the comb face exponentially easier when performing honey extraction work





Given extra space, bees will build deeper cells

This places the capping out from the frame edge



A word about extra boxes

□ This is a quick footnote

- If things go well, you can use the remainder of a nectar flow to get ahead of building out comb for future use
 - Even if you do not collect honey in spring/summer, there might be honey available for your region for a fall nectar flow
- We are eventually going to tell you to take these extra boxes off the stack
 - Saying it out loud now, so you can expect this for later.... We will be going into winter with two deeps only (3 mediums for all medium hives)
 - We will compact boxes down to usable (optimal) space for overwintering

More to come on this later this year



Closing Comments

Customary Close

- Where we stand, where we are going...
 - This lesson reviewed building out additional honeycomb in boxes beyond the brood chamber
 - Our next set of lessons focus on summer and fall management:
 - Summer and fall feeding
 - Preparations for a fall nectar flow
 - Ensuring your queen is viable through the seasons
 - Avoiding/Handling Robbing Events



Q&A

What Questions did we not anticipate?

- If you have feedback, you can leave a constructive comment; but be nice.
- You could also send an email to <u>comments@managedmentoring.com</u>
 - Please refer to this video in the subject so we know what the reference is.



